Q. Are you sure there was not a piece of artillery in that street before the reading of the proclamation?
A. I cannot tell you; but the only gun I could see was Oscar White’s. I remarked: “Oscar, this is not so very prudent for you to be here with only one rifle in this street.”

Q. Where did you see the troops first?
A. I came up from Monolaula by a back street and turned into Numana street, one house above Mr. Stevens’, and as I turned the corner I saw the American troops marching up towards Mr. Stevens’ house, and directly in front of his house.

Q. Did you meet Mr. Henry Waterhouse?
A. I met him there at that time.

Q. What conversation passed between you?
A. I think I said: “Henry, what does all this mean?” If I remember rightly now, he said: “It is all up.”

Q. And what did you understand by the expression, “It is all up?”
A. I understand from that the American troops had taken possession of the island. That was my impression.

Q. And was that favorable to the Queen or favorable to the other side, as you understood it?
A. That was distinctly favorable to the foreign element here.

Q. You mean the movement for a Provisional Government?
A. Yes.

Q. Did you see Mr. Stevens that day?
A. No; I did not see him that day.

Q. What is Mr. Waterhouse doing now?
A. Henry? He is a member of the council.

Q. Was he a member of the Committee of Public Safety?
A. If I remember right, he was.

Q. Is that his signature [exhibiting letter of Committee of Public Safety to Mr. Stevens]?

The letter is as follows:

HAWAIIAN ISLANDS, Honolulu, January 16, 1893.

Sir: We, the undersigned, citizens and residents of Honolulu, respectfully represent that in view of recent public events in this Kingdom, culminating in the revolutionary acts of Queen Liliuokalani on Saturday last, the public safety is menaced, and lives and property are in peril, and we appeal to you and to the United States forces at your command for assistance.

The Queen, with the aid of armed force and accompanied by threats of violence and bloodshed from those with whom she was acting, attempted to proclaim a new constitution, and while prevented for the time from accomplishing her object, declared publicly that she would only defer her action.

This conduct and action was upon an occasion and under circumstances which have created general alarm and terror.

We are unable to protect ourselves without aid, and therefore pray for the protection of the United States forces.

HENRY E. COOPER,
F. W. McCchesney,
W. C. Wilder,
C. Bolte,
A. Brown,
William O. Smith,
Henry Waterhouse,
Theo. F. Lansing,
Ed. Suhr,
L. A. Thurston,
John Emmeluth,
Wm. R. Castle,
J. A. McCandless,

Citizens’ Committee of Safety.

His Excellency, John L. Stephens,
American Minister Resident.

A. Yes, it is.

Q. Did he seem then pleased or alarmed?
A. He was very much strained and excited. There was no pleasure in it, but still there was a feeling of security. That was it. He evinced a feeling of security. He was not smiling or joking.

Q. It was not a joking time. Well, you say there was nothing in the first visit of yours to the Station House to indicate any impression on your part that you