be His Majesty's special advisers in the executive affairs of the Kingdom; and they
shall be ex officio members of His Majesty's privy council of state. They shall be
appointed and commissioned by the King, and shall be removed by him only upon
a vote of want of confidence passed by a majority of all the elective members of
the legislature, or upon conviction of felony, and shall be subject to impeachment.
No act of the King shall have any effect unless it be countersigned by a member of
the cabinet, who, by that signature, makes himself responsible.

Art. 42. Each member of the cabinet shall keep an office at the seat of Govern-
ment, and shall be accountable for the conduct of his deputies and clerks. The
committee holds seats ex officio in the legislature, with the right to vote, except on
a question of want of confidence in them.

Art. 47. The legislature has full power and authority to amend the constitution
as hereinafter provided, and from time to time to make all manner of wholesome
laws, not repugnant to the constitution.

Art. 56. A noble shall be a subject of the Kingdom, who shall have attained the
age of twenty-five years, and resided in the Kingdom three years, and shall be the
owner of taxable property in this Kingdom the value of three thousand dollars
over and above all encumbrances, or in receipt of an income of not less than $600
per annum.

Art. 58. Twenty-four nobles shall be elected as follows: Six from the Island of
Hawaii; six from the Islands of Maui, Molokai, and Lanai; nine from the Island of
Oahu; and three from the islands of Kauai and Niihau. At the first election held
under this Constitution, the nobles shall be elected to serve until the general election
to the legislature for the year of our Lord 1890, at which election, and thereafter,
the nobles shall be elected at the same time and places as the representatives.
At the election for the year of our Lord 1890, one-third of the nobles from each of the
divisions aforesaid shall be elected for two years, and one-third for four years,
and one-third for six years, and the electors shall ballot for them for such terms, re-
spectively; and at all subsequent general elections they shall be elected for six years.
The nobles shall serve without pay.

Art. 59. Every male resident of the Hawaiian Islands, of Hawaiian, American, or
European birth or descent, who shall have attained the age of twenty years, and
shall have paid his taxes, and shall have caused his name to be entered on the list
of voters for nobles of his district, shall be an elector of nobles, and shall be
entitled to vote at any election of nobles, provided:

First. That he shall have resided in the country not less than three years, and in
the district in which he offers to vote not less than three months immediately pre-
ceding the election at which he offers to vote;

Second. That he shall own and be possessed, in his own right, of taxable property
in this country of the value of not less than $3,000 over and above all encumbrances,
or shall have actually received an income of not less than $600 during the year next
preceding his registration for such election;

Third. That he shall be able to read and comprehend an ordinary newspaper
printed in either the Hawaiian, English, or some European language;

Fourth. That he shall have taken an oath to support the constitution and laws,
such oath to be administered by any person authorized to administer oaths, or by
any inspector of elections;

Provided, however, That the requirements of a three years' residence and of ability
to read and comprehend an ordinary newspaper, printed either in the Hawaiian,
English, or some European language, shall not apply to persons residing in the
Kingdom at the time of the promulgation of this constitution, if they shall register
and vote at the first election which shall be held under this constitution.

Art. 60. There shall be twenty-four representatives of the people elected biennial-
ly, except those first elected under this constitution, who shall serve until the
general election for the year of our Lord 1890. The representation shall be based
upon the principles of equality and shall be regulated and apportioned by the legis-
latives according to the population to be ascertained from time to time by the offi-
cial census. But until such apportionment by the legislature, the apportionment
now established by law shall remain in force, with the following exceptions, namely:
There shall be but two representatives for the districts of Hilo and Puna on the
island of Hawaii, but one for the districts of Lahaina and Kaanapali on the island
of Maui, and but one for the districts of Koolauoa and Wailau on the island of Oahu.

Art. 61. No person shall be eligible as a representative of the people unless he be
a male subject of the Kingdom, who shall have arrived at the full age of twenty-one
years; who shall know how to read and write either the Hawaiian, English, or some
European language; who shall understand accounts; who shall have been domiciled
in the Kingdom for at least three years, the last of which shall be the year imme-
diately preceding his election; and who shall own real estate within the Kingdom
of a clear value, over and above all encumbrances, of at least $500; or who shall
have an annual income of at least $250, derived from any property or some lawful
employment.