Mr. CULLOM. I only want to say one word in this connection. I thought at the time the Senator was making the statement that the remarks of the Senator from Alabama were perfectly correct, and the case, as was supposed at that time by the Senator from Wisconsin.

Mr. MORRIS. Mr. President, the bill to which the Senator from Wisconsin [Mr. Spooner] refers—the bill to repeal all the laws in regard to the importation of labor—was introduced in the Congress just about the time of our adjournment, perhaps the same days before the final adjournment. There was no possibility of getting up the general bill which is under consideration now, and which disposes of the whole subject of the government of Hawaii; and I am glad to have it put in a special form. The provisions of the bill on immigration, I believe, in regard to the labor system of the Hawaiian Islands, on the ground that it would disconcert the whole system of the law there, and we had not an opportunity to know exactly what the effect of it would be. Such a measure as that, if provided at all, ought to be provided in the general bill of contract labor, and not in a special bill under the subject which we are now considering. If that is annexation I say that we put it in the bill. The real substance of those laws, the provision we have in this bill now for the repeal of those laws, had already been enacted in the act of annexation. There is an established, fixed policy of the United States against the immigration into any of the states. The bill of contract labor, which I have referred to, is prohibited in a particular spot or not makes no difference; it is a general law; it is a general public policy; and I hold that no man can now import a coolie or any man that is under a contract obligation into the United States, although there might not be a special statute applicable to that particular state, and it was provided in the act of annexation that we submit it to the Senate. The tenor of that bill, or the provision in the act, it makes no difference, it is annexation.

Mr. CULLOM. In the first place, all the Territorial statutes on this subject are repealed. In the second place, the Senate will find on the eighth and ninth pages of the last print of the bill section 10 and section 10, the latter being an additional section put in yesterday on the motion of the Senator from Wisconsin [Mr. Pomeroy]. Taking them all together, it seems to me that it is utterly impossible for contract labor to exist in those islands hereafter when this bill takes effect.

Mr. TELLER. Mr. President, I desire to obtain the amendment of which I gave notice last night. On page 44, I move to strike out all of section 88 down to and including the word "court," in the fifth line, and to insert in place of it what I send to the desk.

The Secretary. Strike out section 88 down to and including the word "court," in line 5, on page 44, and insert in lieu thereof the following:

That there shall be established in said Territory a district court, to consist of a Judge or Judges, who shall reside therein and be called the district judge. The President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint the said Judge or Judges, and a marshal of the United States for said district; and said Judge, attorney, and marshall shall hold office for the term of three years, and be removed by the President whenever, in his judgment, the public interest may require. The said court shall have in addition to the ordinary jurisdiction of district courts of the United States, jurisdiction of all cases cognizable in a circuit court:

Mr. TELLER. I wish to say that yesterday I was under the impression that we were providing for more judges than were necessary, and that the consumption of the members of the council and the commission who were over there I find it is quite different from what it would be in the contiguous territory. The judges are scattered, necessarily, because of the different islands, and there seems to be a necessity for the commission to have a necessary for the particular judge, who is to be clothed only